

YKSDİL

WINNER 12.2

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Konuları tek tek ve sarmal olarak ele alan testler
Pekiştirici tekrar testleri

1500

Özgün Test Sorusu

GRAMMAR QUESTION BANK

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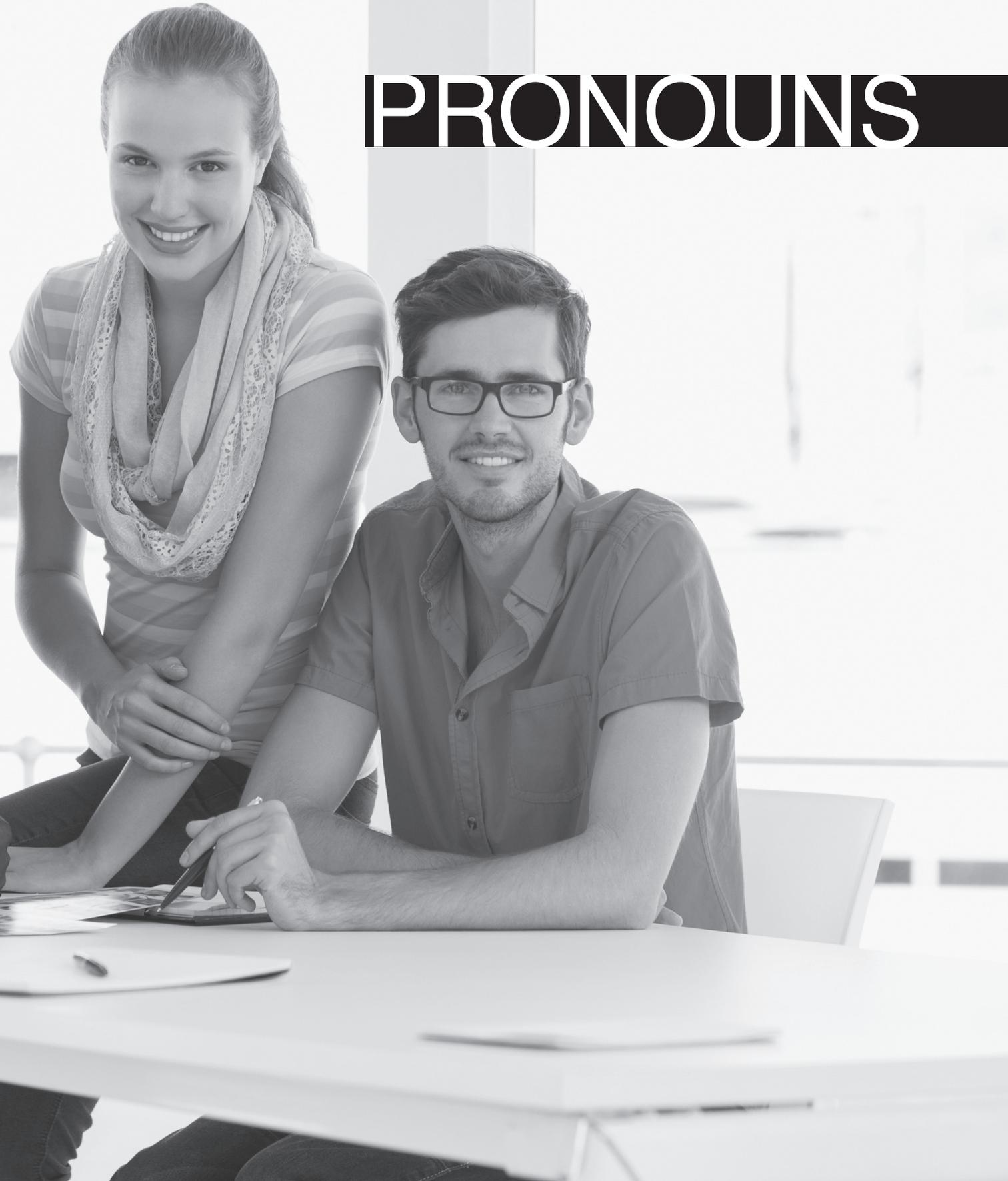
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PRONOUNS



Tip 1

Possessive adjectives (my, your, his, her ...) are always followed by a noun.

- You should think about your career.

Tip 2

Possessive pronouns (mine, yours, his, hers ...) are never followed by a noun.

- This is not my telephone, mine (not; mine telephone) is in my bag.

Tip 3

If the subject and object of the verb are the same, then we use **a reflexive pronoun**.

- My father was talking to himself when I entered the room.

Tip 4

In order to emphasize the subject or the object of the verb, we use **a reflexive pronoun**.

- John himself told me this story.

Tip 5

We cannot use an indefinite pronoun that starts with **any-** at the beginning of a negative sentence. Instead, we can use the ones that start with **no-**.

- Nobody was sure what to do next. (not; Anybody wasn't sure what to do next.)

Tip 6

We can use an indefinite pronoun that starts with **any-** at the beginning of a positive sentence.

- Anybody at the office can help you with that.

1. **Peter was about to tell his sister all the details when his mother came in, which inhibited ---- from saying ----.**
 - A) them / something
 - B) his / nothing
 - C) themselves / anything
 - D) himself / something
 - E) him / everything

2. **I was overlooked for promotion last year even though I outperformed ---- in the sales department.**
 - A) something
 - B) no one
 - C) everyone else
 - D) everything
 - E) anyone else's

3. **Even though they are widely perceived as gentle creatures, hippopotamuses are responsible for more human deaths in Africa than ---- animal.**
 - A) some other
 - B) others
 - C) any other
 - D) the other
 - E) the others

4. **---- who has handled a fossilized bone knows that it is usually not exactly like ---- modern counterpart, the most obvious difference being that it is much heavier.**
 - A) The ones / it's
 - B) Someone / theirs
 - C) Everyone / the others
 - D) Anyone / its
 - E) The one / them

5. **One day last summer I ran into a former colleague of ---- who happened to be staying at the same hotel with ----.**
 - A) me / him
 - B) him / us
 - C) their / we
 - D) mine / me
 - E) my / I

6. **I was worried that ---- was following ----, so I contacted the police but they were of little help.**
 - A) someone / me
 - B) everyone / mine
 - C) anyone / ours
 - D) the others / us
 - E) another / them

7. **In addition to ---- military role, the forts of the nineteenth century provided numerous ---- benefits.**
 - A) its / some others
 - B) they / many other
 - C) their / other
 - D) that / another
 - E) those / the others

8. **John says that the present job he is doing does not provide ---- with enough extension for ---- organizing ability.**
 - A) he / his
 - B) himself / him
 - C) by himself / he's
 - D) his / he
 - E) him / his

1. **My sister, who ---- Spanish and Italian in New York, says that she ---- more students twenty years ago.**
 - A) taught / has had
 - B) had taught / is having
 - C) is teaching / has
 - D) teaches / had
 - E) has been teaching / had had

2. **The secretary thought that the job ---- her ages but she ---- it by lunch time, so she spared some extra time for lunch.**
 - A) would take / had finished
 - B) takes / will have finished
 - C) has taken / has finished
 - D) took / finished
 - E) had taken / finishes

3. **Ben's employer ---- reluctant to give him a good reference for another job as he ---- unreliable and often late, thus he couldn't find a good one.**
 - A) was / had been
 - B) is / will be
 - C) will have been / has been
 - D) is / has been
 - E) had been / is

4. **Mr Smith once ---- a living sailing the world, until marriage in 1979 ---- him home to his hometown where he settled and lived happily with his kids and wife.**
 - A) has made / had brought
 - B) makes / brings
 - C) made / brought
 - D) has made / brought
 - E) will be making / will bring

5. **Philip Martin, our supervisor, ---- to our Manchester branch in the coming autumn, so we ---- a replacement soon.**
 - A) moved / had been looking for
 - B) will move / looked for
 - C) will be moving / had looked for
 - D) has moved / were looking for
 - E) is moving / will be looking for

6. **Susan ---- the exam four times yet she never gave up hope that she ---- it one day. She studied even harder after each failure.**
 - A) failed / will pass
 - B) has failed / passes
 - C) was failing / passed
 - D) fails / is passing
 - E) had failed / would pass

7. **The lights ---- while we were watching TV and at that very moment a piercing scream ---- through the house.**
 - A) have gone out / has echoed
 - B) had gone out / was echoing
 - C) will go out / is echoing
 - D) went out / echoed
 - E) were going out / has been echoing

8. **The young artist ---- for years before his talent ---- at last. After that, he never had financial difficulty.**
 - A) was painting / was recognized
 - B) painted / has been recognized
 - C) will be painting / is recognized
 - D) had been painting / was recognized
 - E) has been painting / will be recognized

Tip 1

To give the meaning that somebody managed to do something, **was able to** is used. (*not; could*)

- After a long speech, I was able to (not; could) convince my boss.

Tip 2

To give the meaning that somebody didn't manage to do something, both **wasn't able to** and **couldn't** can be used.

- Though I tried a lot, I wasn't able to / couldn't convince my boss.

Tip 3

Needn't have + V₃ is used to say that something was done unnecessarily. On the other hand, **didn't need to** is used to say that something wasn't done as it was not necessary.

- You needn't have watered the flowers. I had already done it.
- I didn't need to go to work yesterday as it was holiday.

Tip 4

Be used to / get used to are followed by V+ing whereas **used to** is followed by bare infinitive.

- I got used to driving in London.
- I used to wake up early when I was a student.

Tip 5

Must have + V₃ is used to make a strong guess. However, **should have + V₃** is used to make a criticism.

- You must have seen somebody else this morning. John is out of town.
- You should have called your parents last night. They were really worried.

Tip 6

Don't need to, don't have to and **needn't** have similar meanings. Also, **didn't need to** and **didn't have to** are similar in meaning.

- You don't need to / don't have to / needn't tell me your intention. I totally trust you.
- I didn't need to / didn't have to say anything to John as he was aware of the situation.

9. **Controlling a car, floating on the surface of water and riding a horse are skills that ---- through lack of practice.**

- A) mustn't be lost
- B) can't be lost
- C) needn't be lost
- D) shouldn't have been lost
- E) had better not be lost

10. **I took some photos of the garden just to use up the film so that I could ---- it ----. I needed some of the photos.**

- A) have / develop
- B) get / developed
- C) make / developed
- D) get / to develop
- E) have / to develop

11. **Because most of them lack recreational facilities, high rise apartments ---- in recent years as unsuitable for families with children.**

- A) are criticized
- B) will have been criticized
- C) have been criticized
- D) were criticizing
- E) criticized

12. **When a cold front ---- a warm front, an area of turbulent air ---- often producing thunderstorms and tornadoes.**

- A) is met / will be created
- B) met / has been created
- C) has been met / creates
- D) meets / is created
- E) was met / had been created

13. **In my opinion, there will be such a violent reaction to the new measures that the government ---- to change its mind.**

- A) has forced
- B) were forcing
- C) had been forced
- D) will be forced
- E) has been forcing

14. **When a biography ---- by the person himself and not a biographer, it ---- an autobiography.**

- A) has written / is called
- B) writes / will be called
- C) was written / has been called
- D) will be written / calls
- E) is written / is called

15. **The professor ---- the students ---- in their desks for the rest of the lesson when they answered a question wrongly.**

- A) had / to stand
- B) made / stand
- C) got / stand
- D) had had / stood
- E) got / standing

16. **The word asthma itself ---- by the physician Hippocrates over 3,000 years ago, and over the years, people ---- many remedies both physical and mental, to combat the illness.**

- A) has been coined / try
- B) coined / had tried
- C) is coined / are trying
- D) was coined / have tried
- E) would be coined / will try

17. --- Ted finds all this money and --- he does with it are two mysteries even to the people who are close to him.

- A) What / which
- B) Where / what
- C) Why / how
- D) Whether / if
- E) How much / whatever

18. I recommend that you --- outside while I am talking to this young man and then we will all chat together to see what problems we can solve today.

- A) waiting
- B) to wait
- C) wait
- D) would wait
- E) had better wait

19. In our previous meeting, we looked at the issue of --- to increase productivity but we couldn't find a satisfying solution.

- A) how
- B) that
- C) if
- D) the fact that
- E) how many

20. We asked the estate agent --- there was a swimming pool at the villa we were thinking of buying. He hesitated for a moment and said "no".

- A) that
- B) if
- C) what
- D) whose
- E) which

21. John raised the question of --- the money which would be sent to the people in the famine stricken area would be collected.

- A) that
- B) who
- C) whom
- D) when
- E) what

22. In order to avoid procrastination, the habit of delaying important tasks, researchers and speakers agree that one --- the reasons of procrastinating before beginning to tackle it.

- A) would acknowledge
- B) would rather acknowledge
- C) should acknowledge
- D) needn't acknowledge
- E) couldn't acknowledge

23. North Korea has a developing nuclear weapons programme. Its arsenal probably comprises fewer than 10 warheads. However --- it has the capability to deliver them is not clear.

- A) that
- B) the fact that
- C) what
- D) how
- E) whether

24. --- mathematics is one of the most useful and fascinating divisions of human knowledge is widely accepted.

- A) If
- B) Whether
- C) Whichever
- D) What
- E) That

25. --- intelligent life doesn't exist in our universe --- a belief that many astronomers claim to be true.

- A) The fact that / is
- B) Why / have been
- C) If / was
- D) That / was
- E) Where / has been

17. I ---- you the novel you have asked for if I ---- it before you go on holiday. There are a few pages left.
- A) would have lent / had finished
 B) would lend / would finish
 C) have lent / could have finished
 D) lend / finished
 E) will lend / have finished
18. The claim ---- salt lamp are good for people with respiratory conditions may be partly based on the ancient practice of halotherapy.
- A) the fact that
 B) if
 C) that
 D) whether
 E) what
19. ---- you not been absent from school on Friday, you ---- what you have to do for homework.
- A) Were / could know
 B) Had / would know
 C) Should / might have known
 D) Was / may know
 E) Did / might know
20. I would certainly have helped Sarah move her home ---- I not been busy getting my children to school but I will help her clean.
- A) would
 B) did
 C) were
 D) had
 E) was
21. Children of immigrants ---- their native languages if they ---- them, so something should be done about it.
- A) would forget / won't use
 B) forgot / hadn't used
 C) could have forgotten / wouldn't use
 D) had forgotten / haven't used
 E) will forget / don't use
22. If there ---- so many enthusiastic residents who supported the street fair, we ---- such a successful turnout.
- A) hadn't been / couldn't have had
 B) weren't / can't have
 C) isn't / wouldn't have
 D) won't be / couldn't have
 E) hasn't been / haven't had
23. When people talk about dangerous snakes like black mambas and cobras, at least one person in the conversation will ask ---- the snake is poisonous.
- A) that
 B) whether
 C) what
 D) however
 E) when
24. I wish I ---- at a café in Paris right now, relaxing at one of their outdoor tables. I would be the happiest person of the world.
- A) had been
 B) am
 C) were
 D) have been
 E) would be
25. A registered dietician and clinician could help formulate a personalized way of adopting the keto diet, ---- your insulin dosage is corrected and monitored regularly.
- A) unless
 B) even if
 C) provided that
 D) if only
 E) in order that

17. **Even though they are widely perceived as gentle creatures, hippopotamuses are responsible for ---- human deaths in Africa ---- any other animal.**
- A) much / than
B) as / as
C) more / than
D) so / as
E) such / that
18. **Since there is a huge economic crisis all around the country, there are ---- houses for sale in our area that prices have come down ----.**
- A) such a few / considerable
B) too / considerably
C) as many / considerable
D) so many / considerably
E) many more / as considerably
19. **Sourcing drugs from the ocean is now the object of intense interest in the scientific community. Among ---- examples of medicines derived from the ocean is Ziconotide.**
- A) the most common
B) more common
C) the common
D) the commoner
E) more common that
20. **Children who don't enjoy regular talk at mealtimes are four times ---- to lack the confidence to put up their hand in class or to work in a team.**
- A) most likely
B) more likely
C) the most likely
D) as likely as
E) likely enough
21. **The largest timbers used in the construction were of roughly ---- size ---- those used in the roofs of the largest cathedrals in the high Middle Ages.**
- A) as / as
B) so / that
C) the same / as
D) such / that
E) enough / to
22. **Hanging the pictures on the wall was ---- the students had anticipated. It took more time than we had expected.**
- A) so difficult that
B) more difficult than
C) too difficult
D) much more difficult
E) as difficult
23. **Amanda skipped two years of school, so she is ---- person in our 9th grade class. She finds it difficult to make friends from the same class.**
- A) younger
B) youngest
C) the younger
D) the youngest
E) much younger
24. **Let's watch a Woody Allen film instead of this war documentary we are watching now as it will be ----.**
- A) the funnier
B) as funny
C) the funniest
D) funniest
E) much funnier
25. **Shrubs are multi-stemmed woody plants that grow shorter than trees. Depending on their growing conditions, some plant species that are considered shrubs can grow ---- tall ---- trees.**
- A) the same / as
B) more / than
C) enough / as
D) as / as
E) so / enough

REVISION

1. **I have spent most of the morning trying ---- my washing machine but I seem ---- it worse.**
 - A) fixing / making
 - B) to be fixed / to make
 - C) being fixed / to be made
 - D) fixing / making
 - E) to fix / to have made

2. **Over the last 20 years single- parent families ---- even more common than the so-called “nuclear family” ---- of a mother, father and children.**
 - A) became / consisting
 - B) had become / consisted
 - C) become / to consist
 - D) have become / consisting
 - E) are becoming / consisted

3. **I saw Jennifer ---- the door and leave but the rest is unclear because I cannot remember anything else. The event must have been so traumatic that my mind chose to blur that part of my memory.**
 - A) to close
 - B) being closed
 - C) having closed
 - D) close
 - E) closing

4. **Drugs ---- for insomnia are not ideal because they have side-effects and tend ---- addictive.**
 - A) using / being
 - B) used / to be
 - C) using / to be
 - D) used / having been
 - E) to use / to being

5. **The cluster of 25 houses built by the government ---- to rehabilitate the landless and homeless people for two decades before they ---- a den for stray dogs and other wild animals.**
 - A) has served / became
 - B) served / have become
 - C) serves / become
 - D) serves / will become
 - E) had served / became

6. **I do not anticipate ---- much time for a vacation this summer as we are very busy at work.**
 - A) having
 - B) to have
 - C) have
 - D) to having had
 - E) to have had

7. **---- by the waiter’s attitude, Mr Smith decided not ---- a tip at the restaurant last night.**
 - A) Having angered / to leave
 - B) Being angered / leaving
 - C) Having been angered / to leaving
 - D) Angered / to leave
 - E) Angering / to leave

8. **I think ---- was responsible for damaging the trees should be fined severely.**
 - A) who
 - B) whatever
 - C) which
 - D) whoever
 - E) whomever

ANSWER KEY

