

SKILLS TEST

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1. - 6. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Despite Shi Huangdi's powerful army, the new empire was under constant threat from the Huns, who lived to the north, ----.**

- A) whereas he was an excellent emperor who ruled over a vast empire from his capital city
- B) due to the fact that there were one million armoured soldiers under his command
- C) by the time he ended years of war in China by executing anyone who opposed him
- D) so he decided to build a massive wall across China's northern border to keep them out
- E) and when he died, thousands of statues of soldiers were buried alongside him in his tomb

2. **In some parts of early Neolithic West Asia, dead bodies were buried beneath house floors, ----.**

- A) but skulls were removed and modelled with lifelike features, probably for use in rituals
- B) despite the fact that stone figurines were made by cultures throughout the world
- C) whereas others were decorative, or made social statements, or were simply used as toys
- D) unless they removed the flesh, reassembled the bones, and replaced the skin
- E) and they sometimes also appear on the associated grave goods made from a hard stone

3. **When the American aviator Amelia Earhart's plane disappeared in the Pacific Ocean, ----.**

- A) neither the wreckage nor her body was found despite the efforts by various organizations
- B) she has become the first woman with a disability to fly solo across the Atlantic and Pacific oceans
- C) because of having successfully completed more than three-quarters of the journey
- D) in return for helping to open up the new profession of aviation to other women
- E) she decided to dedicate her life to helping those in need and improving the conditions of women prisoners

4. **Although Florence Nightingale grew up in a society in which nursing was not a respectable job for a woman, ----.**

- A) her older sister grew up in a family that wanted their daughter to have a good education
- B) it was unusual for girls to study academic subjects like mathematics and philosophy
- C) her efforts paved the way for women from all backgrounds to follow her example
- D) girls were expected to grow up to socialize and hold grand parties, not to have careers
- E) her family were upset by the thought of her working as a nurse as hospitals at the time were dirty places

5. **When it was first discovered, it was thought that Australia contained a massive inland sea, ----.**

- A) yet after many years of exploration, it turned out that its interior was nothing but desert
- B) after Englishman Matthew Flinders circumnavigated the continent, proving that it was a huge island
- C) why Edward Eyre trekked from Adelaide to Albany in 1840, accompanied by an Aboriginal guide
- D) by the time British explorer Charles Sturt discovered two major rivers in the southeast
- E) rather than heading south into what was a pleasant, fertile region, he chose to sail north

6. **----, and almost all of that water is in one of the four major oceans, which are the Pacific, the Atlantic, the Indian, and the Arctic.**

- A) The Mariana Trench near the island of Guam has the deepest spot measured so far
- B) In Chile, there is a desert that apparently hasn't had any rain for the last 400 years
- C) Ocean temperatures depend on the amount of solar radiation reaching the ocean surface.
- D) Approximately seventy-one percent of the Earth's surface is covered with water
- E) Seas, such as the Mediterranean and the Black Sea, are divisions of the oceans

17. ---- Simple as it may seem, not all people who are overweight overeat. Most overweight teens do not eat more than their healthy weight peers do. The difference appears to lie in the level of activity. Genetics also can play a part. Genes are responsible for much of the way a person looks and acts. To a certain degree, they can also influence whether a person will be overweight or not.

- A) Women typically gain weight in their hips and buttocks giving them a pear shape.
- B) It is believed that when people eat more calories than their body uses, they gain weight.
- C) In the 1940s, scientist William H. Sheldon proposed a theory to characterize three basic body types.
- D) Men around the world usually build up body fat around their bellies giving them an apple shape.
- E) Having parents who are overweight will increase a person's chance of being over-weight by 25 to 30 percent.

18. Mark Twain was born Samuel Langhorne Clemens in 1835. He grew up in Hannibal, Missouri, on the Mississippi River. ---- Young Tom Sawyer, for instance, was a combination of several boys, including himself. During his life, he held jobs that he would turn into material for his writing. His work as a steamboat pilot gave him the experience that he used to write *Life on the Mississippi*.

- A) When he began working as a newspaper reporter, he began using the pen name Mark Twain.
- B) One of his stories, "The Celebrated Jumping Frog of Calaveras County," was printed in many newspapers.
- C) From this river town, he gathered the material for his most famous stories.
- D) He could hear a piece once and then play it from memory, sometimes rewriting and improving it as he played.
- E) It is an old river term meaning 12 feet of water, a depth that was not very safe for riverboats.

19. - 24. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

19. Lewis:

- I can't believe someone would do such a thing. I saw on the news that a beautiful wall painting downtown was vandalized.

Stacy:

- ----

Lewis:

- I really don't understand. It was a piece of art that added colour to the neighbourhood. Now, it's covered in graffiti.

Stacy:

- Vandalism is so senseless. It takes away from the beauty that artists bring to our community.

- A) I wish I knew. Maybe they don't appreciate art or just want to cause trouble. It's frustrating and sad.
- B) That's a great idea. It not only repairs the damage but also sends a positive message of unity and resilience.
- C) I know. It's disheartening. It brought joy to many. Why would someone want to destroy it?
- D) Fantastic. We can spread the word through social media and community boards. The more people involved, the better.
- E) I hope so. The community has rallied around art projects before. Maybe this will spark a collective effort to restore it.

20. Alex:

- I'm so annoyed. I had to cancel our weekend trip. My boss just dropped a ton of work on me.

Bertha:

- ----

Alex:

- I tried. He said that "It's very urgent and can't wait. I feel stuck. I hate cancelling on you like this but it seems there's nothing I can do."

Bertha:

- Can't someone else handle it? This is our trip. I can't believe that work is ruining it.

- A) I wish someone else could, but it's my project. If I don't do it, it could affect my job. I'm in a tough spot.
- B) It's not that simple. I can't just say no. It's my responsibility, and I can't let my team down.
- C) I thought about that, but my schedule is crazy for the next few weeks. It's like work is taking over my life.
- D) What? We've been planning this trip for weeks. I was really looking forward to the trip. Can't you talk to your boss?
- E) I hope so. We need to prioritize our relationship and the things that make us happy, not just work.

31. - 32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

31. The introduction of video assistant referees (VAR) in football aims to improve fairness and accuracy but it seems to have an adverse impact on the flow of the game.

- A) Futbolda video yardımcı hakemlerin (VAR) devreye sokulması, adaleti ve doğruluğu artırmayı amaçlıyor ancak oyunun akışı üzerinde olumsuz bir etkisi var gibi görünüyor.
- B) Futboldaki video yardımcı hakemleri (VAR), adaleti ve doğruluğu artırmayı amaçlıyor fakat görünen o ki oyunun akışını çok da olumlu etkilemiyor.
- C) Futbolda kullanılan video yardımcı hakemleri (VAR), adaleti ve doğruluğu artırmayı amaçlıyor olsa da bu amacı yerine getiremiyor gibi görünüyor.
- D) Futbolda video yardımcı hakemlerin (VAR) kullanılmaya başlaması, adaleti ve doğruluğu artırmayı amaçlıyor olsa da oyunun akışı üzerinde olumsuz etki yarattığı için bunu başaramıyor.
- E) Futbolda kullanılmakta olan video yardımcı hakemleri (VAR), adaleti ve doğruluğu artırmayı amaçlıyor olabilir fakat görünüşe göre, bu amacı pek de yerine getiremiyor.

32. As you probably know, one of the fundamental laws of physics states that a body will remain at rest unless an external force is applied to it.

- A) Muhtemelen bildiğiniz gibi, fiziğin temel yasalarından biri, bir cismin kendisine dışarıdan bir kuvvet uygulanmadığı sürece hareketsiz kalacağını belirtir.
- B) Muhtemelen siz de biliyorsunuz ki fiziğin temel yasalarından biri, bir cismin kendisine dışarıdan bir kuvvet uygulanmadığı sürece hareketsiz kalacağını belirtir.
- C) Fiziğin temel yasalarından birine göre, bir cisim kendisine dışarıdan bir kuvvet uygulanmadığı sürece hareketsiz kalır ki bunu muhtemelen siz de biliyorsunuz.
- D) Fiziğin en temel yasasına göre, her cisim kendisine dışarıdan bir kuvvet uygulanmadığı sürece hareketsiz kalır ki bunu muhtemelen siz de çok iyi biliyorsunuz.
- E) Muhtemelen bildiğiniz gibi, fiziğin temel yasalarından birine göre, bir cisim kendisine dışarıdan bir kuvvet uygulanmadığı sürece hareketsiz kalır.

33. - 34. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Deri rengini değiştirme yetenekleriyle ünlü bukalemunlar, böcekleri yakalamak için uzun, yapışkan dillerini dışarı fırlatarak avlanan, yavaş hareket eden kertenkelelerdir.

- A) Famous for their ability to change their skin colour, chameleons are slow-moving lizards that hunt by shooting out their long, sticky tongues to catch insects.
- B) Chameleons are famous for their ability to change their skin colour, although they are unique in that they hunt by shooting out their long, sticky tongues to catch insects.
- C) Chameleons should be famous for their ability to change their skin colour, not for their ability to hunt insects by shooting out their long, sticky tongues.
- D) Chameleons are famous for their ability to change their skin colour to catch insects, but they are unique in that they hunt by shooting out their long, sticky tongues.
- E) Famous for their ability to change their skin colour, chameleons are lizards that move slowly in order to hunt insects by shooting out their long, sticky tongues.

34. Edith Cavell, Birinci Dünya Savaşı sırasında Brüksel'de çalıştığı hastanede her iki tarafın yaralı askerlerine bakım yapan cesur bir İngiliz hemşireydi.

- A) Edith Cavell, who was a brave English nurse, cared for wounded soldiers of both sides during the First World War at the hospital where she was working in Brussels.
- B) A brave English nurse who worked at a hospital in Brussels during the First World War, Edith Cavell strived to care for wounded soldiers of both sides.
- C) Edith Cavell was a brave English nurse who, during the First World War, cared for wounded soldiers of both sides at the hospital where she was working in Brussels.
- D) A brave English nurse cared for wounded soldiers of both sides at a hospital in Brussels during the First World War, and her name was Edith Cavell.
- E) Edith Cavell, who was working as a nurse at a hospital in Brussels, was brave enough to care for wounded soldiers of both sides during the First World War.

13. - 18. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

13. We can try to improve our self-confidence by using positive self-talk. Self-talk refers to the things we tell ourselves in quiet moments. It could be, "I did a really good job on that project" or "I am not good in math." We constantly have an internal dialogue and our subconscious does not know the difference between truth and reality. ---- This is why it is important to avoid negative self-talk.

- A) The good news is that there are many ways we can improve our self-confidence.
- B) When we use negative self-talk, it starts to believe whatever we are telling it.
- C) After a while, we began to believe it, thereby making it more likely to happen.
- D) For example, before you swing a golf club, imagine yourself hitting it perfectly.
- E) Furthermore, risk-taking is an important source of gaining self-confidence.

14. The remains of drums have been found dating from 6000 BC onward. Drums have always had religious, political, or military significance, and the urge to influence a crowd with noise and rhythm has led people to develop the drum into many forms. ---- However, now there are hundreds of varieties, such as African talking drums, classical kettle drums, and tambourines.

- A) The city of Çatal Hüyük, in what is now Turkey, was one of the largest settlements of the Near East.
- B) Drums have also been found in Neolithic cultures located in China, dating to a period of 5500–2350 BC.
- C) Ancient troops used drums to motivate troops, to help set a marching pace, and to call out orders or announcements.
- D) The first drums from thousands of years ago were skins stretched over anything hollow.
- E) Drums were used not only for their musical qualities but also as a means of communication over great distances.

15. Since it was opened in 1914, the Panama Canal has become one of the world's most important waterways. The 77-kilometre canal allows ships to pass from the Pacific to the Atlantic Ocean without having to travel all the way around the tip of South America. ---- Much of the traffic is made up of cargo ships carrying imports and exports between the two countries.

- A) Thanks to a project to expand the waterway, even larger ships can use the canal now.
- B) The biggest users of the Panama Canal are the United States of America and China.
- C) Colombia, France, and later the US controlled the territory surrounding the canal during construction.
- D) As canal tolls have risen as ships have become larger, the Suez Canal has become a better alternative for cargo between Asia and the US East Coast.
- E) The queue for the Panama Canal can be as many as twenty-four ships, or a waiting time of seven days.

16. In the late 20th century, the US, Russia, the European Space Agency, Japan, and Canada joined forces to build the International Space Station. In 1998, the first two modules were launched and joined together in space. In 2000, the first three-person crew, an American and two Russians, occupied the still-growing station. ---- They may be like airports are today, where a person changes planes to go to a specific destination.

- A) From there, people changed spacecraft to travel to another planet or another space station.
- B) However, most space trips are to space stations, where astronauts can live while they work in space.
- C) Larger space stations where many people will be working all the time are planned for the future.
- D) In space, anything that is not tied down will float, including the astronauts themselves.
- E) After blast-off, the Earth outside the space shuttle moves farther and farther away.

MASTER

35. - 40. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

35. (I) When two objects which are touching try to move past each other, they rub against each other. (II) This produces a force called friction which tries to stop the movement. (III) If they are smooth and slippery, especially if lubricated with oil or grease, then friction is less. (IV) Therefore, we can conclude that friction is the enemy of machines because it opposes movement, causes wear and tear, and changes useful energy into waste heat. (V) But if the surfaces of the objects are rough, like sandpaper, then friction is greater.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

36. (I) As the renovation work went on, my home changed a lot. (II) New colors, different landscaping, and a new look became the talk of the town. (III) My neighbors celebrated the changes, praising my efforts to make an appealing place to live. (IV) They were concerned about how these changes would affect the neighbors who didn't feel the same way. (V) They saw my home as a symbol of progress and a good example for others in the community to think about making their homes nicer too.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

37. (I) The body's largest organ is the skin. (II) It is a protective overcoat that covers the entire body. (III) Tough, flexible, and waterproof, skin protects the body from damage, filters out harmful rays in sunlight, prevents drying out, and stops micro-organisms that cause disease, such as bacteria, entering the body. (IV) The cells then get to work, fusing the separate pieces into one solid bone as before. (V) It also contains millions of tiny nerve endings that provide the body's sense of touch.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

38. (I) Spiders use their silk to build webs, contain their eggs, wrap up prey, or form a safety line when jumping. (II) Spitting spiders are tiny spiders only a few millimetres long. (III) They catch their prey by squirting a mixture of venom and liquid silk on to it. (IV) Shooting from a distance of up to two centimetres, the spider's aim is deadly accurate. (V) As soon as the insect is entangled, the spider moves forward to paralyse it with its bite and wrap it up in silk.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

39. (I) The forest floor is the lowest level of the forest. (II) Because of the thick canopy, little sunlight can reach the forest floor and few plants can grow. (III) Feeding on decaying plant matter that falls from the trees, insects break that matter down into nutrients that are absorbed by the soil. (IV) Most are evergreen but some, such as larches, lose their leaves in the autumn. (V) Small ground-dwelling animals feed on the insects and are themselves eaten by large predators such as cats and snakes.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

40. (I) In 2003, the Human Genome Project was completed and now the entire sequence of DNA in humans is known. (II) Others were given a diet that did not contain any of these nutrients and chemicals. (III) It consists of about three billion individual units and contains between twenty-five and thirty thousand genes. (IV) Each of us has a similar but unique DNA sequence. (V) Only identical twins and cloned animals have the exact same DNA sequence.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

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DICTIONARY

1. chamber	hazne
2. arid	çorak
3. dramatically	dramatik bir biçimde
4. embrace	kucaklamak
5. attain	elde etmek

6. significant	kayda değer
7. unintentionally	farkında olmayarak
8. reveal	meydana çıkarmak
9. enhance	arttırmak
10. inadvertently	yanlışlıkla, dikkatsizce