

PRONOUNS TEST 1

SUBJECT / OBJECT PRONOUNS

BASIC COLLECTION

1.- 20. sorularda verilen cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. A: Is this cake for your sister?
B: Yes, it is for ----.

A) he B) she
C) her D) him

2. Can you give ---- a glass of water? I am thirsty.

A) I B) they
C) me D) them

3. A: Do you know John?
B: Yes, I know ---- very well.

A) he B) him
C) she D) me

4. The children are out in the garden. Do you want to see ----?

A) they B) them
C) her D) him

5. We always take our bags with ---- when we get out of the car, but yesterday we didn't.

A) me B) them
C) we D) us

6. These beans taste excellent because ---- are fresh-picked.

A) we B) they
C) them D) you

7. Our neighbour's car is very noisy. My parents wake up every morning because of ----.

A) they C) she
C) it D) you

8. Mr. Walter wants to talk to Jane and ----. I think he wants to talk to ---- about our grades.

A) I / us B) me / us
C) I / we D) me / we

9. The little boy cannot find his toy cars. ---- is looking for ---- everywhere.

A) Him / it B) He / it
C) Him / they D) He / them

10. A: Why is Mrs. Smith here?
B: Because ---- wants to talk to ----.

A) she / he B) her / me
C) she / I D) she / me



MODALS TEST 10

BASIC COLLECTION

1.- 20. sorularda verilen cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Ask any questions now as you ---- during the test.**

- A) may not talk
- B) wouldn't have talked
- C) don't have to talk
- D) needn't talk
- E) didn't have to talk

2. **The restaurant that ---- recently is always empty so it ---- much good.**

- A) opened / needn't be
- B) is opening / mustn't be
- C) opens / has to be
- D) has opened / can't be
- E) had opened / may be

3. **I have no idea about computers, but John ---- you so you ---- and ask him.**

- A) must help / used to go
- B) had to help / would rather go
- C) might be able to help / had better go
- D) should help / needn't go
- E) can help / couldn't go

4. **New research suggests that low-salt diets ---- actually increase your risk of dying from heart attack or stroke.**

- A) must
- B) should
- C) had to
- D) had better
- E) may

5. **That girl ---- American as she hasn't got an American accent.**

- A) won't be
- B) can't be
- C) had better not be
- D) needn't be
- E) wasn't able to be

6. **I ---- to fast food restaurants before I ---- married but now I prefer eating something healthier.**

- A) used to go / got
- B) must go / have got
- C) should have gone / get
- D) had to go / would get
- E) might go / got

7. **We ---- for two hours at security when we were flying to Rome and nearly missed our flight.**

- A) used to wait
- B) would wait
- C) had to wait
- D) might wait
- E) could wait

8. **You ---- so many expensive presents on this holiday because when you came back home, you didn't have any money left and we are in trouble now.**

- A) can't buy
- B) shouldn't have bought
- C) must not have bought
- D) may not have bought
- E) couldn't have bought

9. **Buying and selling antiques ---- a very profitable hobby if you ---- how to find a good bargain.**

- A) is / knew
- B) would be / have known
- C) will have to be / would know
- D) may be / had known
- E) can be / know

10. **There is very little time left until the exams so I think I ---- just concentrate my effort on the most important two exams that I ----.**

- A) may / had to fail
- B) should / needn't fail
- C) can / wouldn't have failed
- D) must / couldn't have failed
- E) need to / mustn't fail



11. With so many cosmetic ---- in the market, it can be confusing to choose the best.

- A) products
- B) scents
- C) threats
- D) malls
- E) beverages

12. By ---- decreasing the number of cigarettes you smoke every day, you can reduce withdrawal symptoms.

- A) originally
- B) nervously
- C) shortly
- D) cheerfully
- E) gradually

13. One of the most unpleasant tasks a manager faces is dealing with ---- behaviour.

- A) brave
- B) inappropriate
- C) conscious
- D) voluntary
- E) formal

14. ---- twins are more similar in appearance than fraternal twins.

- A) Jealous
- B) Identical
- C) Ambitious
- D) Modest
- E) Mean

15. Babies ---- colours after the age of 3 months.

- A) claim
- B) recover
- C) behave
- D) escape
- E) perceive

16. Early in Egyptian history, owning a vineyard was very ----, and they were initially a luxury rather than an investment.

- A) familiar
- B) violent
- C) prestigious
- D) emotional
- E) naive

17. A good medical record should ---- all the medicines you are taking, the medical treatments you have received or are receiving.

- A) mention
- B) hinder
- C) deny
- D) produce
- E) evacuate

18. If you're a backpacker, you probably know that you should buy a(n) ---- tent that you can easily carry around.

- A) precious
- B) permanent
- C) acoustic
- D) lightweight
- E) empty

19. One of the most ---- experiences for a website's visitors will be trying to find something specific with poor navigation.

- A) expensive
- B) frustrating
- C) willing
- D) sociable
- E) fortunate

20. The author's ambition is to create a(n) ---- world that mirrors the experience of the people of her time.

- A) nomadic
- B) sensitive
- C) fictional
- D) irregular
- E) dominant

1.-3. soruları, aşağıda verilen parçaya göre yanıtlayınız.

Some people say that the best defense is a good offense; an octopus, however, would disagree. In addition to being one of the strangest and most beautiful creatures in nature, the octopus has some of the most inventive and effective defense mechanisms. While other animals have teeth, horns, or claws to help defend themselves from predators, the octopus concentrates its energy on hiding from and confusing its attackers. The most well-known of the octopus's defense mechanisms is its ability to squirt clouds of ink into the water. Some octopi use this cloud of ink as camouflage; after squirting the ink, the octopus retreats into the ink cloud where the predator cannot see it. Another defense mechanism possessed by many octopi is the ability to change color, like a chameleon.

1. It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) the octopus is a frightening predator
- B) the octopus has a very developed teeth to defend itself
- C) squirting ink into the water is useless against predators
- D) the octopus defends itself by hiding from its predators
- E) the octopus is a very offensive animal

2. The writer states in the passage that ----.

- A) many sea creatures are able to change their color
- B) the octopus uses its ink to hide from predators
- C) the octopus has different offense mechanisms
- D) the octopus uses its ink to kill its prey
- E) hunting an octopus is nearly impossible

3. One can understand from the passage that ----.

- A) the octopus can squirt clouds of ink like the chameleon
- B) the octopus is the only animal that is able to change its color
- C) the octopus uses its ink to poison its predator
- D) the octopus is so valuable that they are hunted by humans frequently
- E) chameleons are animals that can change their color



5. The Aral Sea, which is located in Uzbekistan, used to be the fourth largest lake in the world.

- A) Dünyanın dördüncü büyük gölü olan Aral Gölü, Özbekistan'da bulunur.
- B) Aral Gölü, Özbekistan'da bulunur ve dünyanın dördüncü büyük gölüdür.
- C) Özbekistan'da bulunan Aral Gölü, dünyanın dördüncü büyük gölüydü.
- D) Özbekistan'da bulunan Aral Gölü, dünyanın en büyük göllerinden biriydi.
- E) Özbekistan'da bulunan Aral Gölü, dünyanın dördüncü büyük gölüdür.

6.-10. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

6. Yeşil çay, antioksidan özelliklerinden dolayı kanser riskini azaltmaya yardımcı olabilir.

- A) Green tea is known to help lower the risk for cancer thanks to its antioxidant properties.
- B) Because it has antioxidant properties, green tea helps to lower the risk for cancer.
- C) Green tea may help to lower the risk for cancer due to its antioxidant properties.
- D) It is true that drinking green tea may help to lower the risk for cancer thanks to its antioxidant properties.
- E) Green tea's antioxidant properties may help to lower the risk for cancer.

7. Magnezyum, çeşitli enzimleri ve protein sentezleme sürecini harekete geçirmede önemli bir rol oynar.

- A) Magnesium not only activates the various enzymes but it also plays an important role in the process of synthesizing proteins.
- B) Magnesium plays an important role in activating the various enzymes and the process of synthesizing proteins.
- C) As well as activating the various enzymes, magnesium plays an important role in the process of synthesizing proteins.
- D) By activating the various enzymes, magnesium helps with the process of synthesizing proteins.
- E) Magnesium plays an important role in the process of synthesizing proteins since it activates the various enzymes.

8. İhtiyaç duyduğumuz su miktarı yaş, cinsiyet ve fiziksel aktivite seviyesi gibi faktörlere bağlıdır.

- A) The amount of water we need depends on factors such as age, gender and level of physical activity.
- B) Factors such as age, gender and level of physical activity affect the amount of water we need.
- C) The amount of water we need changes depending on such factors as age, gender and level of physical activity.
- D) The amount of water we need to drink depends on several factors including age, gender and level of physical activity.
- E) Age, gender and level of physical activity have a lot to do with the amount of water we need.

9. Çoğu kozmetik ürünü insan vücuduna zararlı ve alerjiye yol açabilen kimyasal katkı maddeleri içermektedir.

- A) Most cosmetics products contain chemical additives that are harmful to the human body and may lead to allergy.
- B) Nearly all cosmetics products contain chemical additives which are harmful to the human body and lead to allergy.
- C) Many cosmetics products are known to contain chemical additives that are harmful to the human body and may lead to allergy.
- D) Chemical additives included in most cosmetics products are harmful to the human body and may also lead to allergy.
- E) Many cosmetics products are likely to contain chemical additives harmful to the human body.

10. Uzmanlar, aşırı su kaybı sonucu ortaya çıkan sıcak çarpmalarının ölümlerle sonuçlanabileceğini bildirdi.

- A) According to the experts, heat strokes that occur as a result of extreme water loss might result in death.
- B) Experts claim that heat strokes occur because of extreme water loss and may result in death.
- C) Experts have indicated that extreme water loss leads to heat strokes which may result in death.
- D) Experts have stated that heat strokes which occur as a result of extreme water loss may result in death.
- E) It is stated that heat strokes which come about due to extreme water loss may result in death.

1.-10.sorularda, verilen karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan yerinde söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

1. Jason :

- I'm afraid there is a problem.

Pete :

- What's the matter? Is there anything serious?

Jason :

- ----

Pete :

- Never mind. I'm sure they will call you back as soon as possible.

- A) Well, I've applied for a job but I still don't know the result.
- B) Everything is all right. I got a promotion.
- C) Why are you so curious about my life?
- D) Can't you ask anything different?
- E) I'm going on a holiday tomorrow morning.

2. Mary :

- Pardon me! Can I leave my bags here for a moment?

Clerk :

- I am afraid not. You have to keep them with you.

Mary :

- But they are extremely heavy and I can't carry them.

Clerk :

- ----

- A) Why don't you take it with you?
- B) She wants to help me carry these bags.
- C) I called them to give me a hand with these projects.
- D) All right. I can keep an eye on them for only a few minutes.
- E) So you have got nothing serious to tell.

3. Sally :

- Margaret is really going to speak Spanish well when she gets back from that language school in Mexico.

Andy :

- Is she really?

Sally :

- ----

Andy :

- Oh, that's a very big chance for her.

- A) I know she is not talented enough in language learning.
- B) She will have been taking classes for six months.
- C) She tried hard but couldn't be successful.
- D) She couldn't pass the exam she last entered.
- E) Why didn't she inform me about it?

4. Peter :

- I'm leaving.

Secretary :

- If you can please wait, the doctor will be here in ten minutes.

Peter :

- ----

Secretary :

- Okay then. You may have another appointment for that time.

- A) No problem. I can wait until he comes.
- B) I need to hurry up. Is it possible for me to come on Monday?
- C) Take it easy. I will be here for another two hours.
- D) Please note that you are getting incredibly rude.
- E) Why do you keep on asking questions?



1.- 10. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) Gold mining is bad for the environment. (II) Because it produces more waste per ounce than any other metal. (III) More troubling, it's dangerous for the low-wage workers employed around the world to pry the metal from the Earth. (IV) As Shakespeare once said, "All that glitters is not gold." (V) Hundreds of miners are killed each year by rock falls and explosions.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) A strategy game is one that requires thinking. (II) It is not based on luck, or on physical skills. (III) Many of us drop in at the gym regularly to keep our bodies fit and flexible. (IV) The rules of strategy games can be simple or complex. (V) However, what they all have in common is that players need to look ahead, plan and then carry out a strategy in order to win.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) Every person's body uses hormones to regulate and control a wide range of processes. (II) There are two well-known hormones. (III) One is adrenaline, which comes from the adrenal gland. (IV) Women also have faster blood flow to their brains. (V) The other one is insulin, which comes from the pancreas.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) The majority of the rocks found in and on the Earth's crust are sedimentary rocks. (II) They form when sediments, like silt and sand, collect and harden. (III) Over the course of millions of years, this process results in thick layers of sedimentary rock. (IV) The crust, the thinnest layer, forms the Earth's surface. (V) In some parts of the world, such as the Grand Canyon, you can see these layers.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



5. (I) Aside from angry drivers, garbage collectors deal with forces of nature as well. (II) Most of us wash our hands as soon as we put the garbage in the bin. (III) They have to work in rain, snow and sleet. (IV) And let's not forget the smell they have to endure. (V) The stink of the rotting eggs can't be pleasant, especially combined with stewing in the sun on a hot day.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

8. (I) In most parts of the deep-sea floor, life is scarce. (II) Plankton move passively with ocean waves and currents. (III) It is scarce except some small types of fish and a few simple organisms, including sponges and crinoids. (IV) However, there is a variety of deep-sea living structures along mid-ocean ridges from which hot water and minerals flow. (V) At these sites, microorganisms use the ejected minerals to grow and reproduce.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

6. (I) When most people think of fishing, they usually think of lazy afternoons on the lake. (II) When I was around ten years old, my father and I usually went fishing. (III) However, fishing persistently ranks as the most deadly occupation in the U.S. (IV) Off the Alaskan shore, crab fishermen face freezing waters and storms. (V) Those workers endure harsh conditions in shifts that can last as long as 21 hours.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

9. (I) Once all the data is compiled, the country with the lowest score is declared the most peaceful. (II) In 2009, New Zealand was crowned the most peaceful country in the world. (III) Peace on Earth is on almost everybody's wish list. (IV) It was followed by Denmark, Norway, Iceland and Austria. (V) The United States came in at number 83.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

7. (I) The sun also emits energized particles that make up the solar wind. (II) The sun has burned for more than 4.5 billion years. (III) It is made up of hydrogen and helium. (IV) It's a massive collection of gas. (V) Because it is so massive, it has immense gravity, enough gravitational force to hold all of that hydrogen and helium together.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

10. (I) Archaeologists are scholars who study every facet of their scholarly realm. (II) Archaeology is the study of humanity's material remains. (III) They are explorers who map out and chart excavation sites. (IV) They are scientists who document and verify their findings. (V) And they are historians who flesh out the past.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

11.-15. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Ebola has killed around 1,200 people since it (11) ---- during the mid-1970s in Zaire. The virus's high mortality rate has led to fears that it may be used in bioterrorism. It is (12) ---- to monkeys than humans. But a new treatment is very successful in (13) ---- the infected monkeys. It has also proved 100% effective in dealing (14) ---- the closely-related Marburg virus. The hope is that scientists will get the same results when the drug (15) ---- to humans.

11. A) discovers B) discovered
C) has discovered D) will be discovered
E) was discovered
12. A) more deadly B) as deadly
C) so deadly D) as deadly as
E) the deadliest
13. A) increasing B) reminding
C) acting D) disliking
E) curing
14. A) up B) for
C) with D) at
E) on
15. A) was given B) is given
C) gives D) has given
E) will give

16.-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

There are nine planets in our solar system. These planets (16) ---- have their own atmosphere and environmental conditions. Scientists have been researching them to see (17) ---- it is possible for life to exist on them. Mercury is the most difficult to research (18) ---- its position in the solar system. It is (19) ---- close to the sun that with our current technology, a space shuttle (20) ---- up before it even reaches its atmosphere.

16. A) several B) many
C) each D) much
E) a lot
17. A) who B) which
C) where D) what
E) if
18. A) since B) because of
C) although D) even though
E) as
19. A) that B) very
C) so D) much
E) more
20. A) burned B) will burn
C) had burned D) has burned
E) was burning

PRONOUNS & TENSES & MODALS TEST 4

BASIC COLLECTION

1.- 25. sorularda verilen cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Because violence is an ingredient of most robberies, ---- sometimes result in the harm or murder of ---- victims.

A) they / their B) it / theirs
C) it's / your D) others / ones
E) theirs / yours

2. Over the past few decades, recycling ---- a central component of many business operations in the United States.

A) became
B) had become
C) is becoming
D) would become
E) has become

3. Recent studies have suggested that swimming pool chlorination ---- to higher rates of childhood asthma.

A) need to contribute
B) must be contributed
C) may contribute
D) was able to contribute
E) had better contribute

4. It ---- only in the 19th century that the systematic study of the past through its physical remains ---- to be carried out.

A) has been / begin
B) would be / begin
C) was / began
D) had been / will begin
E) was / have begun

5. Not ---- likes football, but almost ---- the TV channels show football matches every night for some time.

A) anyone / all
B) everybody / every
C) everyone / all
D) each one / every
E) all / every

6. In this graph, you ---- that for the past thirty years the death rate ---- lower than the birth rate.

A) could see / is
B) should have seen / was
C) might see / would be
D) can see / has been
E) will see / had been

