

SKILLS TEST

1

1. - 6. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Owing to the amazing preservative properties of ice, ----.**

- A) it becomes impossible to maintain cleanliness in the corpses
- B) ice has been used as a substance to make experiments on
- C) it was ice that the people started chasing to cool down
- D) many things can be preserved in it if it doesn't melt
- E) scientists have discovered the effectiveness of ice as a result

2. **Maritime college can be tough, especially if, like many students, ----.**

- A) if your parents are pressurising you with a burden that you cannot handle
- B) when you know exactly what you want to do with your life
- C) you're not sure exactly what you want to focus on or what kind of career you want
- D) most importantly, you'll find a mentor in your department who can help
- E) you should have decided what to do in life before you have gone to college

3. **As people age, they tend to be more selective in their choice of friends, ----.**

- A) but friends also may create stress at times
- B) conflicted feelings in us can raise blood pressure more
- C) research has shown social support and good health are connected
- D) so they spend more time with people they like
- E) yet these choices just seem to have little effect on survival

4. **The youngest Nobel Prize winner to date is Malala Yousafzai, a Pakistani girl, ----.**

- A) who was 17 years old when she was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014
- B) who was 90 years old when he was awarded the Prize in Economic Sciences in 2007
- C) best known for *The Jungle Book*, was 42 years old when he was awarded
- D) who declined the award because he had consistently declined all official honours
- E) received the 1903 Nobel Prize in Physics and the 1911 Nobel Prize in Chemistry

5. **Many presidents and other national leaders let the power of their office dizzy their heads ----.**

- A) thus they forget what their responsibilities they normally take on such days
- B) because of the way people have treated her throughout her reign
- C) which used to be the opposite for the kings as they were seen as regular people
- D) due to the almost godlike way many of their supporters see them
- E) all of which prevented them from taking normal decisions which were better

6. **While being a warrior was central to a samurai's life, ----.**

- A) the history of that period in Japan essentially is the history of the samurai
- B) they were also poets, politicians, fathers and farmers
- C) they played a pivotal role in the last 1,500 years of Japanese war history
- D) the role in which they are best known is that of warrior
- E) that makes a samurai different from other warriors in other parts of the world

13. - 18. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

13. **Latin was very important to Christianity for many centuries. It is still spoken today during some religious activities. ---- People in the Vatican sometimes speak to one another in Latin if they have different first languages. The Mass of the Catholic Church is often done entirely in Latin.**

- A) Latin is called a dead language because no one speaks it as a first language anymore.
- B) Classical Latin was the official language of the Roman Empire.
- C) Short Latin texts have been found from about the 5th century BC.
- D) Latin is still used in taxonomy to give scientific names to groups of species of living things.
- E) It is an official language in the Vatican, where the Pope leads the Roman Catholic Church.

14. **Tesla, Inc. is a company based in Austin, Texas which makes electric cars. ---- He was an inventor who worked with electricity, electric cars and many other ideas along with Thomas Edison a century earlier. The company was formerly known as Tesla Motors, Inc. and changed its name to Tesla, Inc. in February 2017.**

- A) It was started in 2003 by Martin Eberhard, Dylan Stott, and Elon Musk.
- B) It started selling its first car, the Roadster in 2008.
- C) The company operates in two segments, Automotive, and Energy Generation and Storage.
- D) The Tesla name originally comes from Nikola Tesla.
- E) There were some test cars built from 2004 to 2007, but regular production started in 2008.

15. **The Iran–Iraq War was a war between the armed forces of Iraq and Iran lasting from 1980 to 1988. It began when Iraq invaded Iran in 1980, after a long history of border disputes and after Iran demanded the overthrow of Saddam Hussein’s regime. ---- However, they were stopped and forced out of Iran before long.**

- A) Iraqi forces did well at the beginning of the war, taking Iranian Khuzestan province.
- B) The Iran–Iraq War is noted for Iraq’s use of chemical and biological weapons.
- C) Despite calls for an end to the fighting by the UN Security Council, the two sides fought until 1988.
- D) In the middle of the 20th century, the Ba’ath parties were ruling both in Syria and Iraq.
- E) After the war started, the United States sold weapons to the Iraqis.

16. ---- **It is written in a single digit. Infinity means many different things, depending on when it is used. The word is from Latin origin, meaning “without end”. Infinity goes on forever. Therefore, sometimes space, numbers, and other things are said to be ‘infinite’, as they never come to a stop.**

- A) Mathematicians have different sizes of infinity and three different kinds of infinity.
- B) Infinity (∞) is a number which is about things that never end.
- C) In fact, infinity could be defined in one of two ways.
- D) It was a surprise to learn that there are larger infinite numbers.
- E) However, potential infinity can be said to be a process that never stops.

17. **Fire can be started by heating a material in many different ways. ---- Some common ways to start a fire include rubbing sticks together very rapidly, making sparks by hitting flint with steel, or using matches or a lighter. The Sun does not make fire. Instead, it crushes together hydrogen atoms to release energy through a process called nuclear fusion.**

- A) It has always been very important for people to be able to make fire.
- B) Its light helped people see in dark places and scare away predators.
- C) Once the material is heated past a temperature called the ignition point, it will start to burn.
- D) Fire can be very useful as long as it is treated carefully.
- E) If human skin touches fire, the skin may burn, which can take some time to remove the scar.

18. **Julius Caesar was born in Italy and the date of the year was July 100 BC. At sixteen he was the head of his family. ---- Sulla set about cleaning up Rome of his enemies. Hundreds were killed or exiled, and Caesar was on the list. His mother’s family pleaded for his life; Sulla reluctantly gave in and removed Caesar from his inheritance.**

- A) Caesar came under threat when Lucius Cornelius Sulla became Roman dictator.
- B) Sulla unconstitutionally marched his armies into Rome and defeated his enemy Gaius Marius in battle.
- C) Caesar took power with Gnaeus Pompeius Magnus and Marcus Licinius Crassus.
- D) On his return to Rome, he was elected as military tribune, a first step in a political career.
- E) On the way across the Aegean Sea Caesar was kidnapped by pirates and held prisoner.

36. (I) Simón Bolívar was a Venezuelan military and political leader. (II) He was born in Caracas, Venezuela. (III) He liberated many colonies from the Spanish Empire in South America. (IV) Bolívar won the fight of Carabobo in June 1821, and then another in Caracas. (V) Those colonies included Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Bolivia.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

37. - 38. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

37. When reservoir water levels get lower and ground water tables drop, water supplies, human health, and the environment are put at serious risk.

- A) Temiz su deposu seviyesi azaldığında yeraltı suyu tablası düşer, böylece su kaynakları, insan sağlığı ve çevre ciddi risk altında bırakılır.
 B) Su kaynakları, insan sağlığı ve çevre; temiz su deposu seviyesinin azalması ve yeraltı suyu tablasının düşmesiyle ciddi risk altındadır.
 C) Temiz su deposu seviyesinin azalması ve yeraltı suyu tablası düşmesi, su kaynakları, insan sağlığı ve çevreyi ciddi risk altında bırakır.
 D) Temiz su deposu seviyesi azaldığında ve yeraltı suyu tablası düştüğünde, su kaynakları, insan sağlığı ve çevre ciddi risk altında bırakılır.
 E) Su kaynakları, insan sağlığı ve çevre; temiz su deposu seviyesinin azalması ve yeraltı suyu tablasının düşmesiyle ciddi risk altına girer.

38. To store, access, manipulate, calculate, analyse data and information we use hardware devices and software application.

- A) Veri ve bilgi depolamak, erişmek, yönlendirmek, hesaplamak, analiz etmek için donanım aletleri ve yazılım uygulamaları kullanırız.
 B) Donanım aletleri ve yazılım uygulamalarını, veri ve bilgi depolamak, erişmek, yönlendirmek, hesaplamak, analiz etmek için kullanmalıyız.
 C) Veri ve bilgiyi depolamak, erişmek, yönlendirmek, hesaplamak, analiz etmenin yolu donanım aletleri ve yazılım uygulamaları kullanmaktır.
 D) Donanım aletleri ve yazılım uygulamaları, veri ve bilgi depolamak, erişmek, yönlendirmek, hesaplamak, analiz etmek için kullanılabilir.
 E) Veri ve bilgi depolamak, erişmek, yönlendirmek, hesaplamak, analiz etmek için donanım aletleri ve yazılım uygulamaları kullanılır.

39. - 40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

39. Bugün Atlantis genelde barışsever bir ütopya olarak algılansa da, Plato'nun masalında tanımladığı Atlantis çok farklıydı.

- A) Today Atlantis is often conceived of as a peaceful utopia, although it was described differently by Plato in his fable.
 B) Atlantis which is often conceived of as a peaceful utopia today was described differently by Plato in his fable.
 C) Plato described a different Atlantis in his fable even though today Atlantis is often conceived of as a peaceful utopia.
 D) Though today Atlantis is often conceived of as a peaceful utopia, the Atlantis that Plato described in his fable was very different.
 E) Atlantis is often conceived of as a peaceful utopia even so the Atlantis that Plato described in his fable was very different.

40. Mike arabasını öylesine dikkatsiz bir şekilde kullanıyordu ki kaza yaptığında eşi dışında hiç kimse şaşırmadı.

- A) Because Mike was using his car very, nobody but his wife got surprised when he had that unfortunate accident.
 B) When Mike had an accident due to his careless driving, nobody but his wife got surprised.
 C) Mike was such a careless driver that nobody including his wife got surprised after he had an accident.
 D) Mike was using his car so carelessly that it was not surprising for anybody that he had an accident.
 E) Mike was using his car so carelessly that nobody but his wife got surprised when he had an accident.

19. - 24. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

19. Dune:
 - **Theresa told me that you were thinking to drop out of the university.**
 Sylvia:
 - ----
 Dune:
 - **How should I know? It could be better if you ask her yourself.**
 Sylvia:
 - **True. I will do it not later than tomorrow. I can't understand why she is talking behind me.**
- A) I told you that you shouldn't tell that to anyone. Why did you do that?
 B) If I were you, I wouldn't believe in everything she says. Sometimes she exaggerates what she says.
 C) What about visiting her and asking this together?
 D) I have to do that as my parents need my assistance at times.
 E) That's a lie! Why would she need to say such a thing?
20. Woodrow:
 - **Should I make plans for us to go sailing over the holiday?**
 Salma:
 - ----
 Woodrow:
 - **How much will we have to pay, then? I hope it is not more than I can afford.**
 Salma:
 - **You don't need to think about that. My mother is going to pay for us.**
- A) I have already done it. You don't have to do anything.
 B) If you can solve the money problem, we can go and talk to the travel agency right now.
 C) You said you would deal with it the day before, didn't you?
 D) Oh, incredible! Why do I have to pick up after you all the time?
 E) I won't be able to come as I couldn't find the necessary money.

21. Antoine:
 - **Would you mind if you gave this laptop to Jack for me? He lent it to me two weeks ago.**
 Harry:
 - ----
 Antoine:
 - **Have they? I didn't know. Then I should go to his apartment tonight and give it myself.**
 Harry:
 - **Good idea. I may accompany you, too.**
- A) This is out of the question because he is abroad now.
 B) I won't be seeing him today as classes have been postponed because of the harsh weather.
 C) I would like to, but I am too busy nowadays, you should do it yourself.
 D) Never. I will let you know when I have handed it in to Jack.
 E) Why don't you come with me? You can see his new house he has rented.
22. Oswald:
 - **I don't want to turn back half-way. Is everything ready for our holiday?**
 Ginny:
 - ----
 Oswald:
 - **No way! I hope he told you when they were going to arrive.**
 Ginny:
 - **Yes, he did. They are going to be here in about half an hour.**
- A) We will be late unless we put these things in the luggage.
 B) Not yet. I am still trying to find my underwater goggles.
 C) Aren't we supposed to pick Andrea and Thomas up on our way?
 D) Yes, but Jason called and said he and Stacey are still at the store.
 E) We would be if you gave a hand to us instead of sitting there.

41. - 45. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

The history of weather forecasting (41) ---- back thousands of years to ancient civilizations such as the Babylonians and Egyptians. These early societies developed weather (42) ---- methods (43) ---- careful observation of natural PERFECTs. Over time, significant achievements (44) ---- the science of meteorology, including the development of meteorological devices like the barometer and thermometer in the 17th century (45) ---- with the invention of the electric telegraph.

41.
A) can be traced B) might be traced
C) must be traced D) should be traced
E) had better be traced
42.
A) error B) opportunity
C) success D) difficulty
E) prediction
43.
A) went against B) took after
C) based on D) came up with
E) looked up
44.
A) had shaped B) will have shaped
C) were shaped D) shaped
E) have been shaped
45.
A) across B) along
C) between D) inside
E) against

46. - 50. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Swimming with sharks can offer a truly unforgettable experience, (46) ---- an up-close encounter with these majestic creatures. (47) ---- the dangerous image of sharks in popular media, the risks of swimming with sharks are (48) ---- low. In fact, the chance of being bitten by a shark is (49) ---- 1 in 3.7 million, and the risk of drowning is almost 3,000 times greater. (50) ----, with the appropriate safety measures and guidance from dive operations, the risks can be reduced.

46.
A) to provide B) having provided
C) providing D) to be providing
E) provided
47.
A) Whereas B) Still
C) Until D) Since
E) Despite
48.
A) relatively B) early
C) typically D) formerly
E) fiercely
49.
A) with B) about
C) from D) for
E) into
50.
A) Meanwhile B) Inasmuch as
C) Moreover D) Therefore
E) However

DICTIONARY

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. repel | püskürtmek |
| 2. rapidly | hızla |
| 3. decade | on yıl |
| 4. convert | dönüştürmek |
| 5. vigorous | diñç, enerjik |
| 6. abundantly | bol bol |
| 7. nevertheless | yine de, olmasına rağmen |
| 8. medieval | orta çağ |
| 9. navy | deniz kuvvetleri |
| 10. derive | türemek, -den elde etmek |

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| 11. commit | işlemek (suç vb.) |
| 12. vice | yardımcı |
| 13. retain | sürdürmek |
| 14. execute | idam etmek |
| 15. mutually | karşılıklı olarak |
| 16. broke | parasız |
| 17. fascinating | büyüleyici |
| 18. assure | temin etmek |
| 19. gratitude | minnettarlık |
| 20. outrageous | şoke edici, acayip |